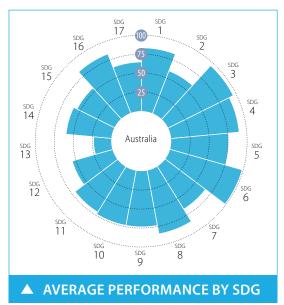
AUSTRALIA

OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Regional average score Index score 75.9

SDG Global rank

26 (OF 157)





▼ COMPARISON WITH OTHER DEVELOPMENT METRICS						
	GLOBAL RANK	SCORE OR VALUE	REGIONAL AVERAGE			
GDP per capita, PPP (2015)	17/153	US\$ 43,631	US\$ 38,362			
Subjective Wellbeing (2016)	8/133	73.0	66			
Environmental Performance Index (2016)	13/157	87.2	84.5			
Human Development Index (2016)	2/157	93.9	88.7			
Global Competitiveness Index (2016/17)	20/134	74.1	71.4			
Global Peace Index (2016)	15/149	70.7	67.1			



AUSTRALIA

Performance by Indicator

Indicator	Value	Rating	Indicator	Value	Rat
SDG1					
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.2	•	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.9	•
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2	•	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	12.8	•	QS University Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	85.3	•
SDG2			Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per capita)	2.1	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.2	•
revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%		•	Research and development researchers (per 1000 employed)	9	•
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0	•	Patent applications filed under the PCT in the inventor's country	13.7	•
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	28.6	•	of residence (per million population)		
Gereal yield (t/ha)	2.1	•	SDG10	240	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	Gini index (0-100)	34.9	
DG3			Palma ratio	1.3 6.5	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6	•	PISA Social Justice Index (0-10)	0.5	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	2.2	•	SDG11		
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.8	•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	5.8	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 people)	6	•	2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	na	
IV prevalence (per 1,000)	0	•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Median of the rent burden (private market and subsidized rent) as	na 24.7	
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	9.4	•	a share of disposable income (%)	24./	
age 30–70 years, per 100,000 population	0.4		SDG12	20	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution, per 100,000 population	0.4	•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	20	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 people)	5.4	•	Percentage of anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	95	
ealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	71.9	•	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	65.4	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.8	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-16.8	
roportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	na	•	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	86.5	2
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	•	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/year	-534.3 1.2	3
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	91.4	•	times recycling rate)		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.3	•	SDG13		
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	13	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	16.3	
DG4			Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.2	
let primary enrolment rate (%)	97	•	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	
xpected years of schooling (years)	13.2	•	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	2.6	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	na	•	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)		
opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	42.9	•	SDG14	60.0	
ISA score (0 -600)	502.3	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	68.2	
	302.3		Ocean Health Index - Biodiversity (0-100)	94.9	
DG5 stimated demand for contraception that is unmet	16.9		Ocean Health Index - Clean Waters (0-100)	81.5	
(% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	10.9	•	Ocean Health Index - Fisheries (0-100)	57.4	
atio of female to male mean years of schooling of population	103	•	Percentage of Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	62.1	
age 25 and above	105		SDG15		
atio of female to male labour force participation rate	81.9	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		
roportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	28.7	•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		
ender wage gap (Total, % male median wage)	15.4	•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	
DG6			Annual change in forest area (%)	7.6	
ccess to improved water source (% population)	100	•	Imported biodiversity impacts (species lost per million people)	0.3	
ccess to improved water source (78 population)	100	•	SDG16		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.9	•	Homicides (per 100,000 people)	1	
nported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	4.4	•	Prison population (per 100,000 people)	151	
	11		Proportion of the population who feel safe walking alone at night	66	
DG7	100		in the city or area where they live (%)		
ccess to pen solid fuels (% population)	100	•	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.2	
ccess to non-solid fuels (% population)	100		Property Rights (1-7)	5.8	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6		Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been	100	
nare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	8.4	•	registered with a civil authority, by age (%)	70	
DG8			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	79	
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.1	•	Slavery score (0-100)	100	
ercentage of children 5–14 years old involved in child labour dults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial	0 99.2	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 people)	17.2	
institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)			SDG17		
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	72.4	•	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.7	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	11.8	•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.29	
DG9			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	84.6	•	For all other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	na	
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	112.9	•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.8	•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	43.5	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)					